

Contracts: Claim Process and Schedule Requirements

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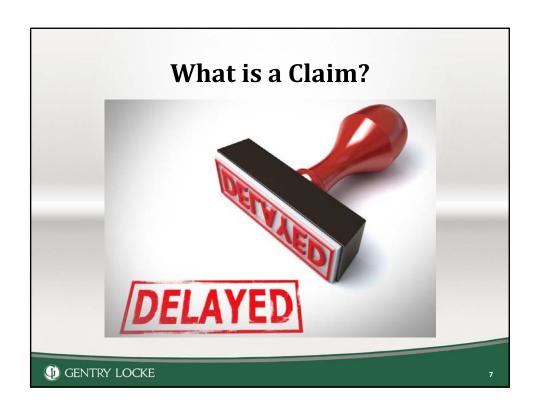


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Today's Focus

- Handling the time delays to your project
- A delay is a delay, no matter if it arises out of:
 - changes to the scope
 - materially differing site conditions
 - force majeure scenarios
- While we cannot touch on it all, today's discussions should afford you with greater expertise on how to identify, preserve and handle claims for time and money
- Improved scheduling know-how

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The AIA's definition

 A demand or assertion by one of the parties seeking, as a matter of right, payment of money, or other relief with respect to the terms of the Contract.

See § 15.1.1, AIA A201-2007

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A Municipal Contract's definition

"Claim" means a demand or assertion by a contractor seeking, as a matter of right, adjustment or interpretation of contract terms, payment of money, extension of time, or other relief with respect to the terms of a contract with the city.



9

VDOT's definition

• The Contractor's written request or demand for an adjustment to the Contractor's compensation or to the Contract time, for costs, expenses, or other damages, adjustment of the Contract terms, or for any entitlement available under the Contract, made within the time, in the form, and pursuant to the provisions for claims specified in the Contract Documents.

<u>See</u> § 101.01, VDOT 2016 Road & Bridge Specs.



You should also

 Review the Division 1 of the Project specifications manual to check for additional schedule and notice requirements

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The AIA A201-2007 requires:

- That the Contractor provide written notice [§ 15.1.2 – Notice of Claims]
- That the Claim include an estimate of cost and of probable effect of delay on progress of the Work.
- Claims concerning adverse weather conditions shall include data substantiating the abnormal conditions, that the adverse weather could not have been reasonably anticipated, and that it had an adverse effect on the scheduled construction.

See § 15.1.5, AIA A201-2007



1

AIA § 15.1.2 - Notice of Claims

Requires that claims be initiated in writing within 21 days after occurrence of the event giving rise to such Claim or within 21 days after the claimant first recognizes the condition giving rise to the Claim, whichever is later.



A Municipal Contract states that

- Contractor has the burden of proof to substantiate a claim for time, including evidence that the cause was beyond the Contractor's control.
- The Contractor acknowledges and agrees that time extensions will be granted only to the extent that:

 (1) excusable delays exceed the available flexibility in the Contractor's schedule; and (2) Contractor can demonstrate that such excusable delay actually caused, or will cause, delay to the Contractor's schedule that will extend the Contract Time.



1

Municipal Contract, cont.

- The Contractor shall not be entitled to any extension of time for delays resulting from any conditions or other causes unless it shall have given written Notice to the Owner, within seven (7) calendar days following the commencement of each such condition or cause, describing the occurrence, the activities impacted and the probable duration of the delay.
- The Contractor's complete claim submittal for a time extension shall be submitted no later than 20 calendar days after cessation of the delay or within such other longer period as the Owner may agree in writing to allow.



The VDOT 2016 Spec. states that

During prosecution of the work, the Contractor shall identify the
causes for any delays attributable to conditions he deems to be
beyond his control and shall identify the particular construction
operations affected, their criticality to project milestones or
overall Contract completion, and the significant dates that
encompass the periods of delay. The Contractor shall furnish all
such information necessary for the Department to make an
adequate evaluation of any request received from the Contractor
for an extension of the Contract time limit within 3 days of
experiencing such a delay.

See § 108.04 (¶3)VDOT 2016 Spec.



1

If that doesn't work, then...

 The Contractor shall submit a written statement describing the act by the Department that allegedly caused damage to the Contractor and the nature of the claimed damage to the Engineer at the time of each and every occurrence that the Contractor believes to be the basis of a claim or prior to the beginning of the work upon which a claim and any subsequent action will be based.

See § 105.19(a), VDOT 2016 Spec.



If that doesn't work (cont.)

 "Occurrence" includes, but is not limited to the Engineer's denial of the Contractor's timely request for time extension, additional compensation, change order, adjustment, or other request under the Contract, or any other decision, instruction, directive, or order that the Contractor believes will result in a claim."

See § 105.19(a), VDOT 2016 Spec.



1

If that doesn't work (cont.)

The Contractor is entitled to compensation for a compensable delay. To request payment for a compensable delay, the Contractor shall within 14 days after the end date of a delay event, unless directed otherwise in writing by the Engineer, submit a written request for a change order for the Engineer's approval. With the request, the Contractor shall submit a Schedule Impact Analysis (SIA) and all supporting data to objectively substantiate its request.

See § 109.05(e), VDOT 2016 Spec.



Asserting a Claim: Discussion

- Public v. Private Projects
 - Strict adherence
 - Implied v. actual notice
- Flow-Down provisions
 - How Owner/GC claim provisions impact subcontractors





AIA Schedule Requirements

- The Contractor shall **prepare and submit** for the Owner's information a construction schedule.
- The schedule shall be revised at appropriate intervals as required by the conditions of the Work and Project, shall be related to the entire Project, and shall provide for expeditious and practicable execution of the Work.
- The Contractor shall **perform the Work in general accordance** with the most recent schedule.

See § 3.10, AIA A201-2007



2

Municipal Contract's schedule requirement

- The Contractor shall prepare and submit a reasonably practicable and feasible Construction Schedule, showing the method by which the Contractor will comply with Completion Date requirements
- The Construction Schedule shall use the Critical Path Method ("CPM") and an industry-standard computer software program, such as Primvera. The Contractor shall use this schedule in the planning, scheduling, direction, coordination and execution of the Work.



Municipal Contract's schedule requirement (cont.)

- The Construction Schedule shall be sufficiently complete and comprehensive to enable progress to be monitored on a day-to-day basis.
- The Construction Schedule shall be the sole overall schedule utilized by the Contractor in managing this Project.
- The schedule must be **updated by Contractor monthly** with each progress payment application and submitted to the Owner and A/E for review with the progress payment application.



2

Municipal Contract's schedule requirement (cont.)

- Should Contractor fail to substantially comply with the provisions of the Contract regarding the Construction Schedule, Owner shall have the right to retain the services of scheduling consultants or experts (including attorneys if necessary in the opinion of the Owner) to prepare schedules, reports, updates and revisions of the schedule in accordance with the Contract Documents
- All costs and expenses and fees incurred by Owner in exercising its rights hereunder shall be charged to Contractor's account.



VDOT 2016 Spec. Schedule Requirements

- The Contractor shall plan and schedule the work and shall submit his overall work plan in the form of a written Progress Schedule.
- The Progress Schedule shall represent the Contractor's overall work plan to accomplish the entire scope of work in accordance with the requirements of the Contract.
- If the Contractor fails to comply with any of the Progress
 Schedule submissions within the time and in the manner
 specified, the Engineer may withhold approval of the
 Contractor's ensuing monthly progress estimates until the
 Contractor has satisfied the submission requirements.

See § 108.03, VDOT 2016 Spec.



2

Key Points

- Read your Contract and Specs.
- Know your Scheduling obligations.
 - Comply.
- Know what triggers a notice.
- Know when to submit the notice.



